Bells ring out in Westford...

By Gordon B. Seavey

High in the slender steeple of the old meeting-house (now the First Church United) on the common every Sunday, the ancient bell swings into action to announce the approaching hour of divine ser-

From its perch sixty feet above the ground, its sonorous ring may be heard in the valleys below Tadmuck Hill on elear days.

The inscription cast onto the bell reads: "I to the church the living call and to the grave I summons all"

Bells have been closely associated with religious services since the 5th century by Christians Westford mounted its first bell 220 years ago.

Early Westford settlers made great effort to secure a town bell a costly project in those days. Not only was it to be put to use for calling the community to worship but as an alarm system which would warn of an approaching Indian raid, tell of a death or of a calamity such as a fire or call the men (only) to the meetinghouse to discuss town business.

Town records show that as early as 1762 a group gathered to raise, by popular subscription, money sufficient to purchase a meeting house bell. It was to be 'about five hundred fifty pound weight.'

Chosen as a committee were Captain Jonas Prescott of what is now Forge Village. Captain Samuel Fletcher of the Nashoba District and Deacon John Abbot who lived nearby

Matching sum

By June of the next year 27 pounds had been subscribed by 26 of the wealthier citizens to the bell fund. The selectmen authorized town clerk Nathaniel Boynton to advise his younger brother, town treasurer Lt. Joseph Boynton to release to the committee a matching sum from the town treasury, as previously agreed.

It is not known who made the bell but Captain Jonas made a Journey to Boston to Receive and bell and to make payment for same Two weeks following. Ephraim Hildreth, Jr., received twelve shillings for bringing the bell, no doubt by ox cart to Westford

Since the meetinghouse had no steeple, a separate belifree' had to be erected. The site chosen was probably diagonally across from the church, at the corner of Main Stracet and Boston Road it is thought to have been on what was later to be the part of the plot of land on which the Academy was built

Historian Hodgman wrote a century ago. 'The dimensions of the belfry are not given except that the bell was to 'hang fifteen feet high and it was to be as wide as the comtee think proper' It is evident however that it was not a mere skeleton of frame work but a building framed, boarded clapboarded plastered, painted and glazed

The coming of the first bell ever brought to town was an event of

some significance to the public. Its glad peals were to call them to the house of God, and its solemn tolling was to announce the passing of many a soul from earth to heaven

The first bell-ringer was Ebenezer Stone, owner of the land upon which the installation was made. He was paid one pound a year for his duties.

Tolling of the bell

An old custom, taken from England, was when the death angel called home a soul, the bell tolled forth the solemn tidings to the community, with the sex and age of the departed one. The bell was swung clear over twice, with a pause in between. Then, the bell was struck three times three strokes for a male, three times two strokes for a female. Then, anouther pause. The bell then was tolled slowly, one stroke for each year of the person's life.

The custom was revived fairly recently upon the death of President Wilson and later, the mill owner Abiel J Abbot During the Bicenten nial celebration, the old bell rang out for all the hundreds of Westfolk who had passed on over the past 200 years.

Many residents recall that at midnight every July 4th the young blood of the town wildly rang the bells all over town

Although there seems to be no proof, over the years it has been believed that the bell and also the weathervane atop the 120-foot steeple of the present meetinghouse were products of Paul Revere or at least from the Revere Foundry in Medford

It's like saying that George Washington slept here and there in Westford although to Revere the town of Westford was no stranger. He entered his son John, in Westford Academy in 1799 to prepare for Harvard College. John was graduated from the latter in 1807, became a practicing physician on Hanover Street in Boston and later a professor of theory and practice in New York University where he died in 1847.

No records show what happened to the town s first bell. The First Parlsh Church installed a new bell in 1835 and the present one in 1856 Bells, when damaged by fire or cracked with usage can be recast being of abaout 13 parts copper to four of tin.

Academy bells

Other interesting bells of old Westford include the one from the cupola of the original Academy when it was built in 1794. After the building was abandoned in 1897, the bell was used as a large flower pot in a nearby garden. Luckily it was rescued from oblivion. It is now on display in the lobby of the fourth Academy structure on Pattern Road. The second Academy bell, a gift of J.W.P. Abbot. was in the second building, now the Roudenbush Community Center. When the cupola was struck by lightning seven years ago, while repairing the damage the bell was placed in storage. It is now destined for the grounds of the new Museum on Boston Road, which incidentally was the home of the original Academy bell.

All the mills along Stony Brook Valley had bells in the towers. They were rung in the morning to arouse the workers and in the evening sounded the curiew a signal for all youngsters to streak home to bed.

Today they are silent